

How to Subtract Two Digit Numbers Without Regrouping




0206.2.8 Use efficient procedures, and understand why they work, to solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of two- and three-digit whole numbers (including those that require regrouping for addition only).

Based on this web site: <http://www.dositey.com/addsub/add2basic.html>

1. Subtract the ones.

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ -13 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 4 | 5 |
| - 1 | 3 |
| | |
| | |

| tens | ones |
|---|---|
|  |  |
| | |
| |  |




Write the ones down in the ones column.

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ -13 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

2. Subtract the tens.

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ -13 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

| tens | ones |
|------|------|
| 4 | 5 |
| - 1 | 3 |
| | |
| | |

| tens | ones |
|---|---|
|  | |
| | |
|  |  |

Write the tens down in the tens column.

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ -13 \\ \hline 32 \end{array}$$

Your answer is **32**